

## Over Three Decades of Industry-led Collaborative Research



**Global Leadership in Cost, Process and Performance Management** 



# **Applying ABM to Enterprise System**

IT Chargeback & ABC
Management Conference
New Orleans 12/4/2006

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President CAM-I



## **Discussion Points**

- Definitions
- Features
- Output
- Applications to Enterprise Systems
- Typical Data Projects
- How IT can help
- Linkage to Data Quality
- Information Quality
- Performance Measures
- Web Based Approach



#### What is CAM-I

Industry-led collaborative research consortium producing the "best-of-the industry" solution, techniques, products, tools, and resources for over 30 years

It is internationally recognized for Best Practice Output

- Process Based Management
- CMS (Cost Management Systems)
- Technical Programs
- Robust Design

The strength of CAM-I is dependent on strong, diverse, large corporate membership and participation



### **Current Focus**

## Two Programs -

Process Based Management Cost Management Systems –

- Target Costing (TC) Implementation
- Cost Measurement Standards Development
- Public Sector Best Practices Interest Group
- Cost of Quality
- Resource Consumption Accounting Study (RCA)
- Risk Management
- Budgeting and Planning
- Change, Adaptation & Learning



## **CAM-I Sponsor Companies**

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- ALG Software
- Acorn Systems
- Arkonas
- ATI
- Boeing Company
- CALIBRE Systems
- Costvision
- CMA (Canada)
- Delta Solutions
- DFW International Airport
- Executive Management Association
- Gayle Force Consulting
- Grant Thornton LLP
- IBM Corporation
- ISMI

- On Semiconductor
- RGS Associates, Inc.
- Rockwell Collins
- Royal Australian Navy
- SAP AG
- SAS/Better Management. COM
- Transportation Security Administration
- U. S. Air Force
- U. S. Army
- U. S. Coast Guard
- U. S. Marine Corps
- U. S. Navy
- U. S. Patent and Trade Office
- Yorkshire Forward



## **Activity Based Costing**

#### **Definition:**

ABC is the use of software tools and methods to accurately determine the costs of products and services by accounting for people, machines, materials and overhead at the per activity level.

ABC IS NOT THE REPLACEMENT FOR CURRENT ACCOUNTING SYSTEMS



## Features/Benefits of Activity Based Costing

**Feature** - Assigns the costs of activities to the resulting products.

**Benefit** - Ability to accurately price products.

**Feature** - Identifies the relative cost of activities.

**Benefit** - Ability to identify low or non-value added activities.



## Activity Based Management

#### **Definition:**

ABM is the management of activities along with linking the outputs of ABC to factory modeling, cost driver analysis, performance metrics and Activity Based Budgeting to improve P & L business performance.



## Features/Benefits of Activity Based Management

#### **Feature** - Cost Awareness.

#### Benefits

Improve awareness of resource costs, capacities, and utilization.

Measure the cost and performance of resources, activities, products and services

#### **Feature** - Understanding Costs

#### Benefits

Understand causal relationships between cost drivers and activities Understand the impact of product life cycles and SBU profitability.

#### Feature - Effective Cost Management

#### Benefits

Support SBU decisions by developing cost models and tying them to performance measures and linking them to design decisions. Support factory process improvement and cost reduction initiatives.



## Activity Based Resource Management

#### **Definition:**

ABRM is the process of identifying people activities, duration, inputs, outputs, performance measures, and cost drivers, then applying ABC methods to determine activity cost, and subsequently identifying and classifying the value/non-value added activities.



## Features/Benefits of Activity Based Resource Management

**Feature** - Identifies what activities people do and why and for whom they do them.

#### **Benefits:**

Ability to tie activities to goals, objectives, and customers

Understanding the root cause (cost driver) for activities

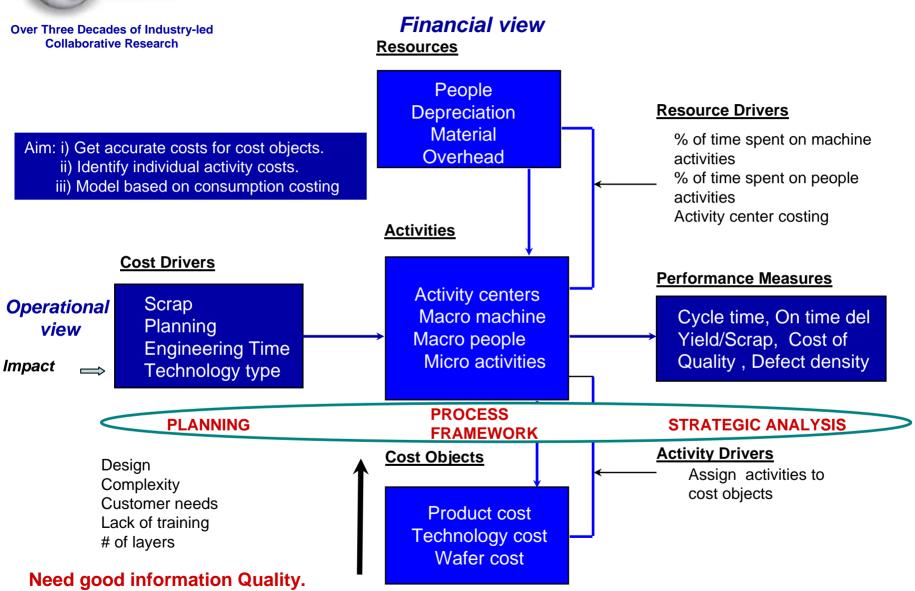
Links performance measures against activities for effective measurement of an activity

Drive dynamic changes through linkage of customer, output and cost

Redirection or elimination of activities



## CAM - I Cross used at Motorola





## ABM output and use of data

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|                                       | Direct | Indirect | First cut | Working      | Data used    |   |
|---------------------------------------|--------|----------|-----------|--------------|--------------|---|
| OUTPUT AND INFORMATION                | Use    | Use      | Model     | Model in     | for Decision | BENEFITS OF USE                               |
|                                       |        |          | Months    | Place - Mths | Mths         |   |
| Product Cost                          | Х      |          | 3         | 6            | 8            | Accurate product cost                         |
| Process (Activity Cost)               | Χ      |          | 3         | 6            | 6            | Product cost forecasting/cost per box         |
| Linkage To Improvement efforts        |        | Х        | 3         | 6            | 8            | Complement improvement initiatives            |
| OEE (Overall Equipment Effectiveness) | Х      | Х        | 6         | 8            | 14           | Cycle time and On time delivery               |
| Value Add/NVA classification          | Х      |          | 3         | 6            | 12           | Continuous improvement                        |
| Cost of Ownership                     | Х      |          | 5         | 6            | 10           | Cycle time and On time delivery               |
| TFE linkage                           |        | Х        | 5         | 8            | 10           | Data driven decisions on cost                 |
| Performance Measures                  |        | Х        | 6         | 8            | 12           | Individual goal objective alignment/scorecard |
| Linkage to Cost reduction efforts     |        | Х        | 6         | 10           | 12           | Complement improvement initiatives            |
| Target Costing                        |        | Х        | 6         | 8            | 18           | Pricing models                                |
| Cost Driver analysis (root cause)     | Χ      |          | 6         | 9            | 10           | Effectiveness                                 |
| Distribution Channel Cost             | Х      |          | 6         | 9            | 12           | Maximizing value of distribution channels     |
| Category Management                   | Х      |          | 6         | 9            | 12           | Portfolio management                          |
| Value Add Services                    | Х      |          | 8         | 12           | 12           | Pricing and customer retention                |
| Factory Modeling                      |        | Х        | 8         | 12           | 18           | Simulation and modeling                       |
| Resource Redirection                  |        | Х        | 8         | 12           | 12           | Alignment of resources                        |
| Customer segment profitability        | Х      |          | 8         | 12           | 15           | Customer accounting                           |
| Complement Trade Off decisions        |        | Х        | 9         | 12           | 15           | Cost modeling                                 |
| Make Buy Decisions                    |        | Х        | 9         | 12           | 15           | Outsource or build here                       |
| Activity Based Budgeting              | Х      |          | 10        | 15           | 18           | Leveraging zero based budgeting               |
| Cost per Touch/Cost per Pick          |        | Х        | 12        | 15           | 18           | Target focus on specific area                 |
| Balanced Scorecard                    |        | Х        | 12        | 18           | 30           | Balanced metrics approach for synergy         |
| Cost of Diversity                     |        | Х        | 12        | 15           | 18           | Optimization                                  |
| Supply Chain Linkage                  |        | Х        | 12        | 15           | 20           | Understanding cost of SC boxes                |
| Cost of Quality                       | Х      |          | 12        | 15           | 15           | Augment cost to quality efforts               |
| ECR linkage                           |        | Х        | 12        | 15           | 24           | Customer satisfaction                         |
| E Com                                 |        | Х        | 18        | 24           | 30           | Enable ECR (Efficient Consumer Response)      |



## Activity Based output used to feed into other models or initiatives

|  | Senior | Fab/Mfg. | Section | Finance | Design | TPM/ |
|--|--------|----------|---------|---------|--------|------|
| INFORMATION                                    | Mgrs.  | Mgrs.    | Mgrs.   |         | & Tech | OEE  |
|  |        |          |         |         | Groups |      |
| Use for target costing                         | Х      | Х        |         | Х       | Х      |      |
| Capacity management by using activities        |        | Х        | Х       | Х       |        |      |
| Management of costs                            | Х      | Х        | Х       | Х       |        |      |
| Process cost by activity                       | Х      | Х        |         | Х       | Х      |      |
| Portfolio management                           | Х      |          |         | Х       |        |      |
| Resource deployment                            | Х      | Х        |         |         |        |      |
| Improvement agendas                            | Х      |          |         |         | Х      |      |
| Using data for DFM                             |        |          |         |         | Х      |      |
| Increased asset utilization, capital efficient | СУ     |          |         |         |        | Х    |



## **Cost Analysis**

|                         | Jan     | Feb    |
|-------------------------|---------|--------|
|                         | Labor & | Fringe |
| DATA INFRASTRUCTURE     | 6233    | 6722   |
| DDCM GLOBAL CENTER      | 3478    | 3646   |
| DDCM DATA TEAM          | 3462    | 3657   |
| DATA & DOC CONTROL MGMT | 5221    | 5682   |
| QA SERVICES DFO         | 4886    | 5044   |
| PLANNING PROGRAM        | 4562    | 5185   |
| QIS/DDCM ADMIN          | 9875    | 15259  |
| DOCUMENT CONTROL        | 2777    | 2769   |

| Resource | Jan  | Total<br>Labor<br>& Fringe | Total<br>Direct<br>Costs | Total<br>Special<br>Items | <b>Facilities</b> | Total |
|----------|------|----------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|-------|
| NAME     | 90%  | 3,116                      | 631                      | 338                       | 315               | 4,400 |
| NAME     | 100% | 3,462                      | 701                      | 376                       | 350               | 4,888 |
| NAME     | 100% | 3,462                      | 701                      | 376                       | 350               | 4,888 |
| NAME     | 10%  | 623                        | 47                       | 29                        | 35                | 734   |
| NAME     | 10%  | 623                        | 47                       | 29                        | 35                | 734   |

<sup>\*</sup>Data has been changed to protect Motorola proprietary information

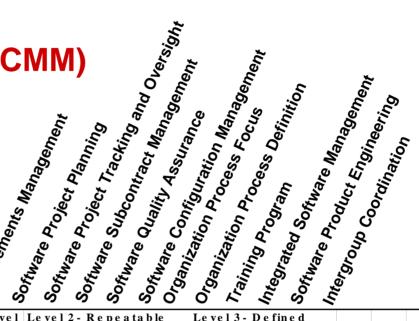


Collaborative Research

## SEI (Software Engineering Institute) Linkage to WBS structure in IT

Capability Maturity Model (CMM) and ABM comparison

X- ABC Assessment found activity here



|                                 |       | Not in | CMM      | e ve l | Leve | 12 - F | Repea | table | e   | Le ve l | 3 - D | e fin e | d  |      |     |    |     | Le ve |
|---------------------------------|-------|--------|----------|--------|------|--------|-------|-------|-----|---------|-------|---------|----|------|-----|----|-----|-------|
| A c tivity                      | % MSD | Tim e  |          |        | RM   | SPP    | PTO   | SSM   | SQA | S C M   | OPF   | PD      | TP | IS M | SPE | IC | P R | 2PM   |
| Technical Work                  | 16    |        |          |        |      |        |       |       |     |         |       |         |    |      | X   |    |     |       |
| Standards - Coord., Write, Prod | 14.5  |        |          |        |      |        |       |       |     |         |       |         |    |      |     |    |     |       |
| New Project Definition          | 12    |        |          |        | X    |        |       |       |     |         |       |         |    |      |     |    |     |       |
| Roadshows and MC Outreach       | 8.5   | 2      | ζ.       |        |      |        |       |       |     |         |       |         |    |      |     |    |     |       |
| Tracking Supplier Progress      | 7.4   |        |          |        |      |        |       | X     |     |         |       |         |    |      |     |    |     |       |
| Tra in in g                     | 7.4   |        |          |        |      |        |       |       |     |         |       |         | X  |      |     |    |     |       |
| Project Tracking and Overview   | 7     |        |          |        |      |        | X     |       |     |         |       |         |    |      |     |    |     |       |
| E-mail and Phone mail Commur    | 6.7   |        |          | X      |      |        |       |       |     |         |       |         |    |      |     |    |     |       |
| Writing Statements of Work      | 3.24  |        |          |        | X    |        |       | X     |     |         |       |         |    |      |     |    |     |       |
| Tech Transfer Report Writing    | 2.8   |        |          |        |      |        |       |       |     |         |       |         |    |      | X   |    |     |       |
| Communicate with "My" MC        | 2.8   | 2      | ζ.       |        |      |        |       |       |     |         |       |         |    |      |     |    |     |       |
| Assit other Internal Projects   | 2.6   |        |          |        |      |        |       |       |     |         |       |         |    |      |     | X  |     |       |
| Administrative Work             | 0.81  | y      | <b>K</b> |        |      |        |       |       |     |         |       |         |    |      |     |    |     |       |



## Select Appropriate Cost Drivers and Measures

- A cost driver is a factor that has a direct influence in the cost and performance of subsequent activities.
- The traditional cost systems used direct labor as a single universal cost driver (referred to as an allocation basis).
- ABCM takes a proactive approach to identify more appropriate cost drivers which more strongly cause the cost behavior of the activity.
- The most interesting potential cost drivers are those not related to volume and which have the power to explain the growth in overhead and support costs.



## Cost Drivers Cause of Incremental Cost

- National Demographic Design
- Airline catering Sanitation, packaging, weather
- Software complexity, Time
- Beneton (Customer) Dying S/B the Last Step
- M&S Customer, Supplier process
- Motorola competition, pagers in 3 hours
- Harley Davidson Honda Cost, use JOT Technology
- Apple Technology (GUI)
- Tektronics Every 3 months update model
- Harris resource deployment

- # of moves
- Volume
- Lack of procedure
- Policies
- Government legislation environment impact
- dependency
- # of steps
- recognize customer patterns
- determine how overhead vary with volume\
- pinpoint waste areas
- strategy costs
- brainstorm root cause -w hat causes work\
- profitability by customer cost driver customer satisfaction - ROI by customer



## Activity-Based Cost Management

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#### **Chart of Activities**

| Chart of        |
|-----------------|
| <b>Accounts</b> |

**Salaries** 

**Materials** 

**Supplies** 

**Facility Costs** 

Transportation Costs

|  | Processes  | Cost  | Effectiv     | eness | Effi    | ciency |                     | Cost D  | rivers | Product Line<br>Profitability |                 |                 |  |  |  |
|--|------------|-------|--------------|-------|---------|--------|---------------------|---------|--------|-------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|--|--|
|  | and        | Value | Non<br>Value | Total | Outp    | out    | Cost per<br>Unit of |         |        | Product<br>Line               | Product<br>Line | Product<br>Line |  |  |  |
|  | Activities | Added | Added        | Total | Measure | Volume | Output              | Measure | Volume | 1                             | 2               | N               |  |  |  |
|  | Process 1  |       |              |       |         |        |                     |         |        |                               |                 |                 |  |  |  |
|  | Activity 1 |       |              |       |         |        |                     |         |        |                               |                 |                 |  |  |  |
|  | Activity 2 |       |              |       |         |        |                     |         |        |                               |                 |                 |  |  |  |
|  | Activity 3 |       |              |       |         |        |                     |         |        |                               |                 |                 |  |  |  |
|  | Process 2  |       |              |       |         |        |                     |         |        |                               |                 |                 |  |  |  |
|  | Activity 1 |       |              |       |         |        |                     |         |        |                               |                 |                 |  |  |  |
|  | Activity 2 |       |              |       |         |        |                     |         |        |                               |                 |                 |  |  |  |
|  | Activity 3 |       |              |       |         |        |                     |         |        |                               |                 |                 |  |  |  |
|  |            |       |              |       |         |        |                     |         |        |                               |                 |                 |  |  |  |
|  |            |       |              |       |         |        |                     |         |        |                               |                 |                 |  |  |  |
|  |            |       |              |       |         |        |                     |         |        |                               |                 |                 |  |  |  |
|  | Process N  |       |              |       |         |        |                     |         |        |                               |                 |                 |  |  |  |
|  | Activity 1 |       |              |       |         |        |                     |         |        |                               |                 |                 |  |  |  |
|  | Activity 2 |       |              |       |         |        |                     |         |        |                               |                 |                 |  |  |  |
|  | Activity N |       |              |       |         |        |                     |         |        |                               |                 |                 |  |  |  |



## Processes and Activities Examples

#### Over Three Decades of Industry-led Collaborative Research

- Facilities Management
  - Maintenance
  - Security
  - Rearrangement and Construction
  - External Compliance
- After Sale Product Services
  - Installation
  - Ongoing Maintenance
  - Warranty Service
- Production Management
  - Production Planning and Control
  - Shop Floor Control
  - Production Monitoring
  - Time Charging
- Strategic Planning
  - Market and Product Forecasting
  - Competitive Assessment
  - Financial Analysis

- Marketing
  - Market Research
  - Pricing
  - Sales Forecasting
- Financial Reporting and Control
  - Coding Transactions
  - Preparation of Financial Statements
  - Cash Disbursements
- Employee Benefits Administration
  - Claims Processing
  - Holiday and Vacation Scheduling
- Human Resource Administration
  - Goal Setting and Monitoring
  - Performance Appraisals
  - Training and Education
  - Recruiting and Hiring

#### **Production Operations**

- Fabrication
- Assembly

## Financial Planning and Control

- Capital Budgeting and Analysis
- Operations Budgeting
- Investment Analysis

#### Sales Calls on Customers

- Preparation of Proposals
- Travel and Logistics
- Follow Up

#### **Material Control**

- Procurement
- Transport/Movement
- Storage
- DATA ACTIVITIES
- AND SYSTEMS



### Value of Information

- Information = (Data + Definition + Presentation)
- Knowledge = (People + Information + Significance)
- Wisdom = (People + Knowledge + Action)

Larry P. English (Improving Data Warehouse and Business Information Quality)



**Collaborative Research** 

**Routings** 

## Impacts of Bad Data

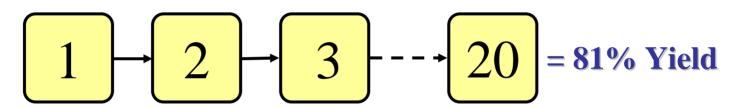
| Poor data for:          | Results in:  |
|-------------------------|--|
| Bill<br>of<br>Materials | <ul> <li>Wrong parts being built or purchased</li> <li>The inability to build to customer requested ship date due to wrong/missing components</li> <li>Errors in capacity estimates</li> </ul> |
| Capacity Planning       | <ul> <li>Planning for additional inventory to compensate for lack of trust</li> <li>Product not being built or production delayed</li> </ul>   |
| Inter-location          |  |

Product being built in the wrong factory



## Data Supply Chain Tolerance Analysis





(20 manufacturing steps at 99% Yield each)

- Chips ~200 steps. 99% Yield at Each Step will Result in Final Yield = 13% Yield
- The Same Relationship is True with Data!
- Error Rates are Higher (5-10% is common)



### Cost of Bad Data

- Cost of bad data could equate up to 15% to 18% of total operating expense
- Studies show that as much as 25% of IT budget can be attributable to bad data
- The data must be cleaned up and standardized for a global effort. We cannot keep on massaging the data and using spreadsheets to hide our inability to provide data quality.
- Configuration Management is the way a business documents, controls and manages all its procedures, data and processes



## Cost of Bad Data

Over Three Decades of Industry-led Collaborative Research

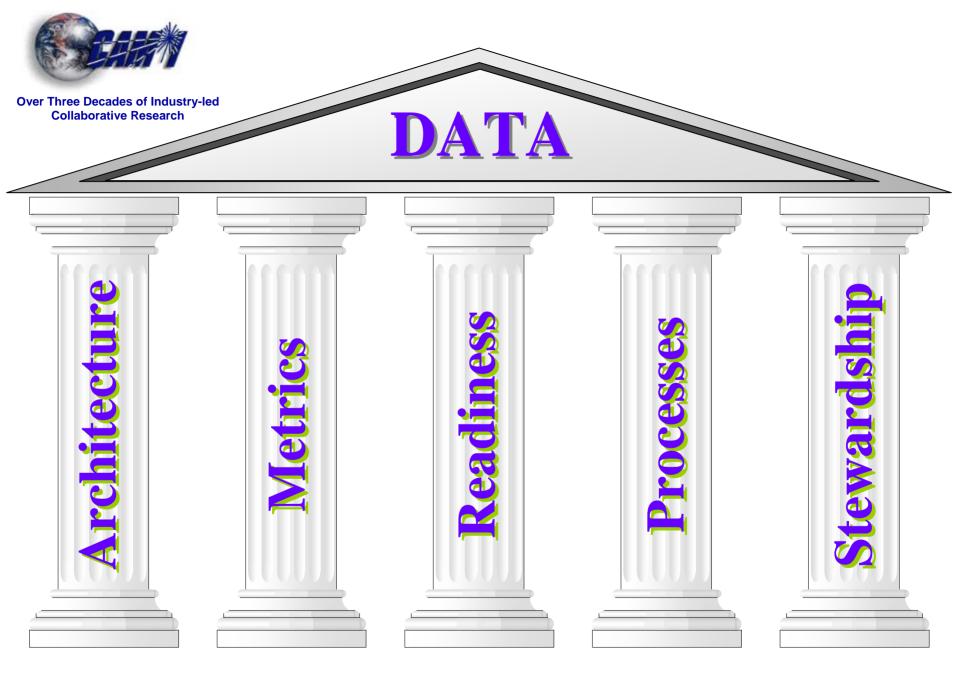
## This exercise at ...... validated the benchmark that more than 15% of total IT cost is due to bad data

| Updated by Alvin Lee,<br>Oct08, 1999 Transactions* |                             |                  | Т                                 | otal Time ( | •     | To              | tal Time        | Financia<br>Cost* | Cost of Ba<br>Data* |                       |
|--|-----------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------|-------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| Applications*                                      | * # transactions # of Human |                  | # of end \`% spent on \% spent on |             |       | # of I.T. suppo | % spent on data | % spent on ba     |                     | Data                  |
| CIM System   |                             |                  |                                   | •           |       | •               |                 |                   |                     |                       |
| HTND   |                             |                  | 1000                              | 10%         | 4%    | 20              | 30%             | 10%               | \$ 9,332,22         | \$ 3,016,48           |
| ASDF   |                             |                  | 1000                              | 10%         | 2%    | 20              | 30%             | 10%               | \$ 8,663,72         | <b>8</b> \$ 1,564,87  |
| FINANCE  |                             | _                |                                   |             |       |                 |                 |                   |                     |                       |
| SDFD   |                             |                  | 100                               | 10%         | 4%    | 1               | 10%             | 2%                | \$ 713,00           | \$ 281,640            |
| SEDD   |                             |                  | 100                               | 10%         | 3%    | 1               | 10%             | 2%                | \$ 713,00           | \$ 211,580            |
| ERTY   | 7                           | 37               | 1                                 | 1%          | 3%    | 1               | 1%              | 1%                | \$ 6,700            | \$ 2,630              |
| W3ER   | 54                          | <u> </u>         | 10                                | 50%         | 10%   | 2               | 10%             | 5%                | \$ 370,00           | \$ 77,600             |
| Planning   | •                           | _                |                                   |             |       |                 |                 |                   |                     |                       |
| SD23   | 10000                       | 1 4              | 156                               | 10%         | 1%    | 5               | 50%             | 25%               | \$ 1,387,00         | <b>\$</b> 197,900     |
| WESD23   | 10000                       | 1 4              | 500                               | 25%         | 3%    | 3               | 15%             | 7%                | \$ 8,901,50         | \$ 1,068,30           |
| SEER   | 315,000                     | 242,000          | 450                               | 40%         | 4%    | 24              | 30%             | 10%               | \$ 13,224,00        | 0 \$ 1,432,80         |
| WET  | 65                          | 6 <b>\$ 5000</b> | 450                               | 65%         | 1%    | 7               | 10%             | 2%                | \$ 20,644,00        | <b>)</b> \$ 326,000   |
| QWTY   | 500,000                     | 1 4              | 1000                              | 2%          | 0.50% | 3               | 95%             | 5%                | \$ 1,719,50         | \$ 361,100            |
| WYUU   | 10000                       | 15               | 50                                | 30%         | 4%    | 5               | 20%             | 4%                | \$ 1,126,41         | 7 \$ 154,257          |
| Operation  |                             |                  |                                   |             |       |                 |                 |                   |                     |                       |
| XCDF   | 60830                       | 1155775          | 2500                              | 4%          | 2%    | 8               | 40%             | 25%               | \$ 8,749,09         | <b>2</b> \$ 3,670,502 |
| SWE  | 4000                        | 1000             | 200                               | 0%          | 1%    | 6               | 0.01%           | 0.00%             | \$ 120,04           | \$ 141,200            |
| TYU  | 140,000,000                 | · I d            | 1400                              | 5%          | 3%    | 2               | 30%             | 15%               | \$ 5,482,20         | \$ 2,977,20           |
| GJJ  | 700                         | 35               | 4                                 | 30%         | 2%    | 1               | 80%             | 40%               | \$ 260,00           | \$ 36,000             |
| FGJ  |                             |                  | 200                               | 10%         | 2%    | 10              | 0.3             | 0.1               | \$ 10,771,34        |                       |



## **ABM Data Collection Methods**

- Existing Records
- Individual Interviews
- Group Interviews
- Questionnaires



**Global Leadership in Cost, Process and Performance Management** 



## Enterprise Architecture & Tools

Over Three Decades of Industry-led Collaborative Research



Business Architecture

Data Architecture

System/App lication Architecture

Linking IT to the business to ensure both vertical & horizontal alignment with strategies, goals, & initiatives

Developing & deploying data standards, models, & processes for ensuring trustworthy, timely, & seamless data that enables informed business decisions

Driving application strategies and roadmaps that automate the use of the information resource in support of "integrated" business functions



## Horizontal Capabilities & Domains

Over Three Decades of Industry-led Collaborative Research



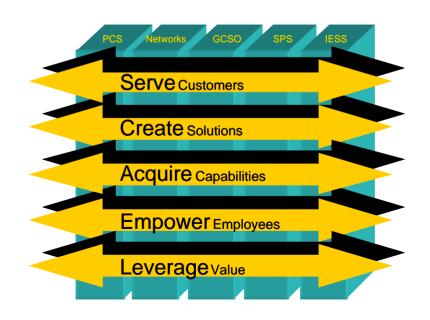
What are capabilities?

High-level functions a company must perform to compete as an integrated business in the digital economy

We have grouped capabilities into
 5 Domains:

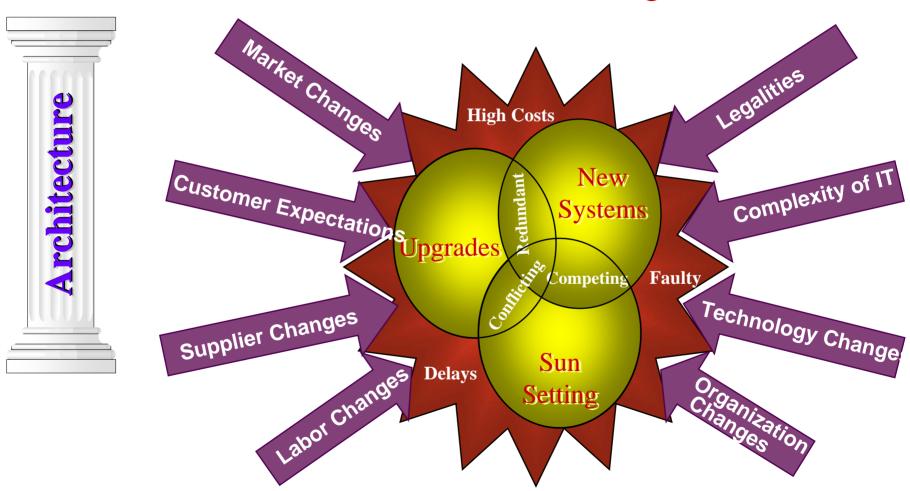
Domains are not separate from our businesses - they are a horizontal approach to our business and their purpose is to improve our business capabilities.

Management





Internal and external factors forcing a multitude of concurrent IT system changes driving the need for comprehensive project and architecture management.





## Typical Data Projects

Over Three Decades of Industry-led **Collaborative Research** 



- Data Readiness
- Data Processes
- Data Systems
- Data Architecture

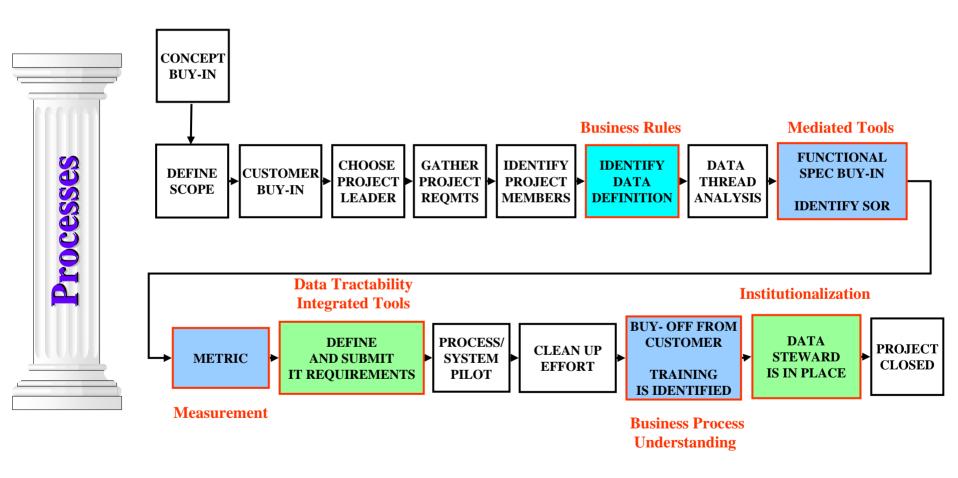
**Data Purge Data Rationalization Data Creation Data Conversion** 







### **Data Readiness Process**







#### • Priority Cube

A method to calculate the relative priority or opportunity by domain of addressing data readiness.

#### Requirement

Opportunity prioritization must be based on the business value or ROI of the data readiness effort and relative importance to the successful execution of the sector's business goals.

#### CODR: Cost of Data Readiness

The cost by domain of making the data "clean". The cost to purge, rationalize, create, convert or otherwise make the data ready for the domain.

#### COBD: Cost of Bad Data

The cost by domain if the data is incorrect, missing etc., (Bad Data). Comparison of COBD vs. CODR yields an ROI.

### • Criticality

The relative importance to the sector's goals / scorecard. How critical is "good data" within a given domain to the successful execution of the sector's goals. (Essential, Important, Nice to have)





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The cost by domain if the data is incorrect, missing etc., (Bad Data). Comparison of COBD vs. CODR yields an ROI.

### • Criticality

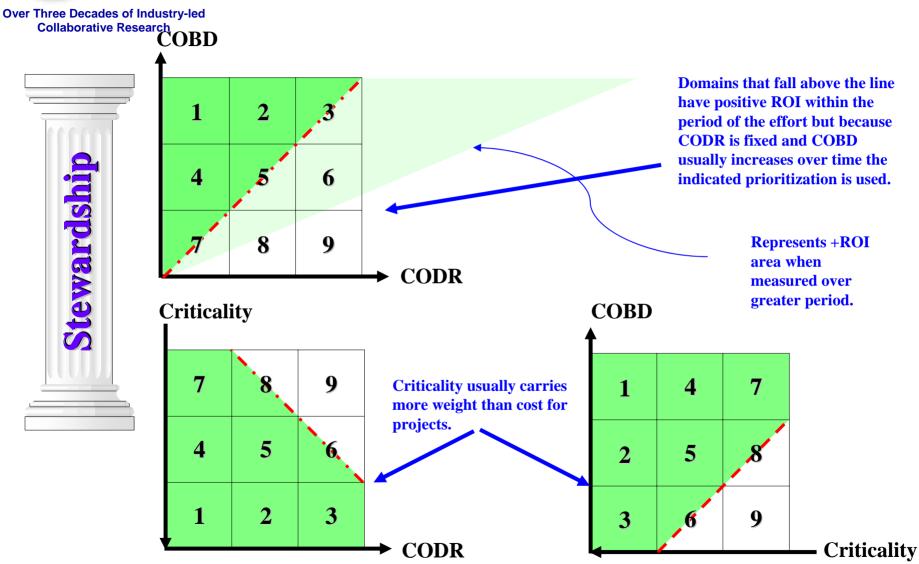
The relative importance to the sector's goals / scorecard. How critical is "good data" within a given domain to the successful execution of the sector's goals. (Essential, Important, Nice to have)



## Critical Need for Information Quality

- Data Quest report on IT failure # 2 problem is Data
- Information which is used by decision makers to create competitive advantage
- The focus on outsourcing need good information
- Bottom line impact reduce budget, savings
- Financial and statutory
- Quantify your projects for ROI etc
- Activity Based Planning & Budgets
- Your suppliers want to know things like purchase, sent where, timing of order, status of order, price, product etc.







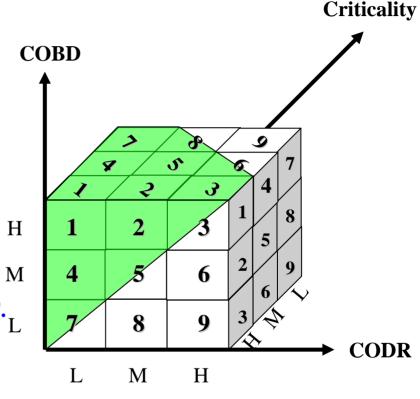


Calculated domain priority is a product of the three grid rankings:

**Priority** = COBD \* CODR \* CRIT.

= ROI \* CRITICALITY

= Business Benefit \* Business Goals



e.g. Top opportunity would be a domain with high COBD, low CODR and high Criticality.

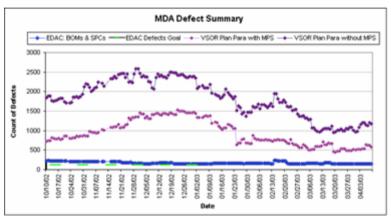




|                         |      |   |   |   |   |   |   |      |   |   |   |   |   |   |             |   |   |   |   |   |   | Calculated      |
|-------------------------|------|---|---|---|---|---|---|------|---|---|---|---|---|---|-------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----------------|
| Domain                  | COBD |   |   |   |   |   |   | CODR |   |   |   |   |   |   | Criticality |   |   |   |   |   |   | <b>Priority</b> |
| Price                   | Н    | Н | М | М | М | Н | М | L    | М | L | L | L | L | Η | Н           | М | Н | L | Н | Н | М | 1               |
| Materials / BOM         | Н    | Н | L | Η | М | Н | Η | L    | L | L | М | L | М | L | Н           | L | Н | Η | Н | Н | М | 1               |
| Customer DB (Thru Cus5) | Н    | Н | Н | М | М | М | М | М    | М | М | М | L | M | М | Н           | Н | Н | М | Н | М | Н | 2               |
| Cost Data               | Н    | М | Н | Н | М | Н | М | Н    | Н | М | М | М | Н | Н | Н           | М | Н | М | М | Н | М | 3               |
| NPI Data                | М    | I | I | М | М | Г | М | М    | I | М | М | Г | Η | М | Н           | Η | I | ᆚ | Ι | М | Н | 5               |
| Inventory               | М    | М | L | Н | М | Н | М | Н    | М | М | Н | Н | M | М | Н           | L | Н | Η | М | Н | М | 6               |
| Mfg Data                | Н    | М | Ι | М | М | Н | Ι | Η    | Н | Η | М | Н | Н | Ι | М           | L | Τ | М | М | М | Н | 6               |
| Logistics               | М    | М | М | М | Н | М | М | L    | L | Н | L | Н | L | L | М           | L | Н | ᆚ | М | М | М | 8               |
| Document Data           | М    | М | Ι | ┙ | L | М | М | М    | М | Η | М | М | L | М | М           | М | М | ᆜ | М | М | М | 10              |
| <b>Customer Contact</b> | М    | L | М | Ι | L | L | Ι | Η    | Н | М | I | L | Н | Τ | М           | Η | I | М | L | L | Н | 12              |
| Vendor                  | М    | М | I | М | L | М | М | L    | М | М | Г | Г | М | М | L           | М | М | L | L | М | L | 12              |
| Quality Data            | М    | М | М | L | Τ | М | L | Н    | М | М | М | Η | Τ | Τ | М           | М | М | ᆜ | Ι | М | М | 12              |
| Finance Fixed Assets    | М    | L | Н | Н | L | М | L | L    | М | М | L | М | L | М | L           | L | М | М | L | L | L | 12              |
| HR Data                 | М    | М | М | Η | L | L | М | L    | L | М | L | L | М | L | L           | L | Н | Η | L | L | L | 12              |
| Product Line            | L    | L | L | L | Н | Н | L | L    | М | L | М | L | М | М | М           | М | М | L | Н | Н | L | 14              |
| Data Book               | L    | Н | М | М | L | L | L | М    | Н | М | Н | L | L | Н | М           | Н | М | М | L | L | Н | 16              |



## Performance Criteria and Measurement Systems

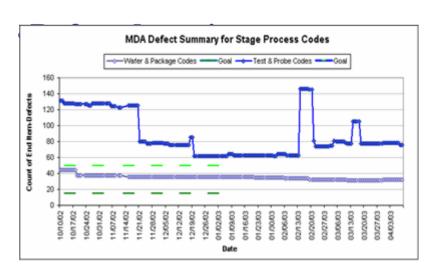


Continuous improvement through root cause analysis to drive corrective actions

**Executive Dashboards** 

**Analyze your financials and Data -**

- Performance to business rules
- Data quality trends





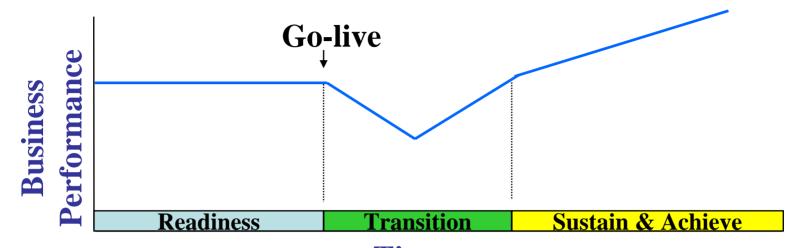
### Other Performance Measures

- Collapsing multiple systems of record
- Contact List
- Web based tools linkage
- Bill of Material line items
- Portfolio Pruning
- Sequester



## Change Readiness

**Reduces Transition Risks** 



## Time

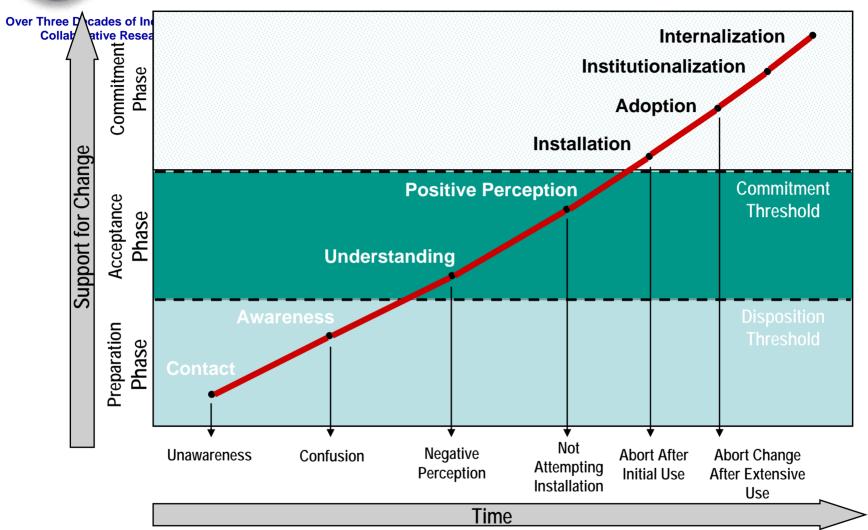
- Metrics/Assessment
- Stakeholder Engagement Plan
- Site Workplans and Checklists
- Go Live Evaluation
- Startup Support Plan

- Metrics/Assessment
- Training
- Site Workplans and Checklists
- Post Implementation Plan

- Post Go Live "Checkout" sessions
- As-needed Training and Help Desk Support
- Change Control Process



## Culture Change – Stages of Commitment

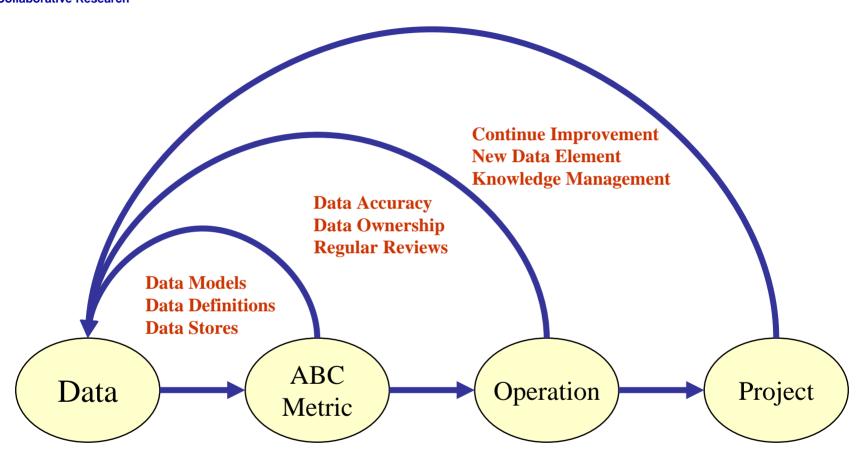


These concepts are based on the research and theory of Daryl R. Conner of Organization Development Research (ODR).

The actual change band is developed from the "Commitment Model" as outlined in Conner's book, Managing at the Speed of Change - 1993.



## Linkage to Data Quality





### Data Recommendations

- Measure the Quality of Your Business Data
- Measure the Cost of Data to Your Organization
- Estimate the Cost of Poor Quality Data
- Define Data Owners, Processes, Stewards
- No Optionalism Mentality
- Turn Your Data into an Asset



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